rule or practice or part 219 of this chapter.

- (d) A hearing required by this section which is conducted in a manner that conforms procedurally to the applicable collective bargaining agreement shall be deemed to satisfy the procedural requirements of this section.
- (e) A hearing required under this section may be consolidated with any disciplinary or other hearing arising from the same facts, but in all instances the presiding officer for the hearing shall make separate findings as to the revocation required under this section.
- (f) A person may waive the right to the hearing provided under this section. That waiver shall:
 - (1) Be made in writing:
- (2) Reflect the fact that the person has knowledge and understanding of these rights and voluntarily surrenders them; and
- (3) Be signed by the person making the waiver.
- (g) A railroad that has relied on the certification by another railroad under the provisions of §240.227 or §240.229, shall revoke its certification if, during the period that certification is valid, railroad acquires information which convinces it that another railroad has revoked its certification after determining, in accordance with the provisions of this section, that the person no longer meets the qualification requirements of this part. The requirement to provide a hearing under this section is satisfied when any single railroad holds a hearing and no additional hearing is required prior to a revocation by more than one railroad arising from the same facts.
- (h) The period of certificate suspension prior to the commencement of a hearing required under this section shall be credited towards satisfying any applicable revocation period imposed in accordance with the provisions of §240.117.

[58 FR 19004, Apr. 9, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 53137, Oct. 12, 1995]

§ 240.309 Railroad oversight responsibilities.

(a) No later than March 31 of each year (beginning in calendar year 1993), each Class I railroad (including the National Railroad Passenger Corporation

- and a railroad providing commuter service) and Class II railroad shall conduct a formal annual review and analysis concerning the administration of its program for responding to detected instances of poor safety conduct by certified locomotive engineers during the prior calendar year.
- (b) Each review and analysis shall involve:
- (1) The number and nature of the instances of detected poor safety conduct including the nature of the remedial action taken in response thereto;
- (2) The number and nature of FRA reported train accidents attributed to poor safety performance by locomotive engineers;
- (3) The number and type of operational monitoring test failures and observations of inadequate skill performance recorded by supervisors of locomotive engineers; and
- (4) If it conducts joint operations with another railroad, the number of locomotive engineers employed by such other railroad(s) to which such events were ascribed which the controlling railroad certified for joint operations purposes.
- (c) Based on that review and analysis each railroad shall determine what action(s) it will take to improve the safety of train operations to reduce or eliminate future incidents of that nature.
- (d) If requested in writing by FRA, the railroad shall provide a report of the findings and conclusions reached during such annual review and analysis effort.
- (e) For reporting purposes, the nature of detected poor safety conduct shall be capable of segregation for study and evaluation purposes in the following manner:
- (1) Incidents involving noncompliance with part 218;
- (2) Incidents involving noncompliance with part 219;
- (3) Incidents involving noncompliance with part 232;
- (4) Incidents involving noncompliance with the railroad's operating rules involving operation of a locomotive or train to operate at a speed that exceeds the maximum authorized limit;
- (5) Incidents involving noncompliance with the railroad's operating rules

§ 240.401

resulting in operation of a locomotive or train past any signal that requires a complete stop before passing it;

- (6) Incidents involving noncompliance with the railroad's operating practices including train handling procedures resulting in improper use of dynamic brakes;
- (7) Incidents involving noncompliance with the railroad's operating practices (including train handling procedures) resulting in improper use of automatic brakes;
- (8) Incidents involving noncompliance with the railroad's operating practices (including train handling procedures) resulting in improper use of a locomotive's independent brake;
- (9) Incidents involving noncompliance with the railroad's operating practices (including train handling procedures) resulting in excessive in-train force levels; and
- (10) Incidents involving noncompliance with the railroad's operating practices that require operation of a train at a speed that permits stopping within less than the engineers range of vision.
- (e) For reporting purposes each category of detected poor safety conduct identified in paragraph (d) of this section shall be capable of being annotated to reflect the following:
- (1) The total number of incidents in that category;
- (2) The number of incidents within that total which reflects incidents requiring an FRA accident/incident report; and
- (3) The number of incidents within that total which were detected as a result of a scheduled operational monitoring effort.
- (f) For reporting purposes each category of detected poor safety conduct identified in paragraph (d) of this section shall be capable of being annotated to reflect the following:
- (1) The nature of the remedial action taken and the number of events subdivided so as to reflect which of the following actions was selected:
 - (i) Imposition of informal discipline;
 - (ii) Imposition of formal discipline;
- (iii) Provision of informal training;
- (iv) Provision of formal training; and

- (2) If the nature of the remedial action taken was formal discipline, the number of events further subdivided so as to reflect which of the following punishments was imposed by the hearing officer:
- (i) The person was withheld from service:
- (ii) The person was dismissed from employment or
- (iii) The person was issued demerits. If more than one form of punishment was imposed only that punishment deemed the most severe shall be shown.
- (g) For reporting purposes each category of detected poor safety conduct identified in paragraph (d) of this section which resulted in the imposition of formal or informal discipline shall be annotated to reflect the following:
- (1) The number of instances in which the railroad's internal appeals process reduced the punishment initially imposed at the conclusion of its hearing; and
- (2) The number of instances in which the punishment imposed by the railroad was reduced by any of the following entities: The National Railroad Adjustment Board, a Public Law Board, a Special Board of Adjustment or other body for the resolution of disputes duly constituted under the provisions of the Railway Labor Act.

Subpart E—Dispute Resolution Procedures

§240.401 Review board established.

- (a) Any person who has been denied certification, denied recertification, or has had his or her certification revoked and believes that a railroad incorrectly determined that he or she failed to meet the qualification requirements of this regulation when making the decision to deny or revoke certification, may petition the Federal Railroad Administrator to review the railroad's decision.
- (b) The Federal Railroad Administrator has delegated initial responsibility for adjudicating such disputes to the Locomotive Engineer Review Board.
- (c) The Locomotive Engineer Review Board shall be composed of at least